## **AMENDMENTS TO THE SPECIFICATION:**

Please replace the following numbered paragraphs with the following rewritten paragraphs:

- Figure 7 is a side sectional view of a core assembly plug taken along the line 7-7 of Figure 6;
- Referring to Figure 6 7, the plug 32 defines a longitudinal plug axis A. The rear segment 40 defines a first plane P1 parallel to a second plane P2. The planes P1, P2 are transverse and offset along the axis A (Figure 7). A first engagement member 44 is located at least partially within the first plane P1 and a second engagement member 46 is at least partially located within the second plane P2. The first engagement member 44 is arranged generally perpendicular to the second engagement member 46. The first and second engagement member 44, 46 are preferably recessed within the skirt 33.
- The first engagement member 44 is preferably a generally rectangular shaped member 48, which extends from a circular member 50. The second engagement member 46 includes the circular member 50 and a stop 52, which extends from the radial periphery thereof. The circular member 50 defines an inner diameter from which and the stop 52 extends.[[,]] which The stop 52 extends from the periphery of the circular member 50; defines to define an outer diameter relative the inner diameter. That is, the stop 52 extends from the inner diameter defined by the circular member 50 to the outer diameter.
- Referring to Figure 8, the torque blade 38 is generally cylindrical. The torque blade 38 preferably includes a female portion 52 53 and a rod portion 54. The female portion 52 is preferably of a larger diameter than the rod portion 54. The rod portion 54 typically engages an actuating plate (not shown) that extends through a latch bolt (not shown), which is conventional and need not be described in detail herein. The female portion 52 53 includes a stepped section 56 (Figure 9).
- [30] In an assembled position, the female portion 54 53 is mounted over the circular member 50 of the second engagement member 46. Rotation of the plug 32 within the barrel 30 rotates the second engagement member 46 into contact with the stepped section 56 of the

female portion to rotate the torque blade 38. That is, the stop 52 (Figure 6) is rotated into contact with stepped section 56 of the female portion 54 53, which is received at least partially over the circular portion 50 (Figure 10).

- Referring to Figure 11, another lock housing 12' engages the core assembly 14. That is, the core assembly 14 is universal and, in addition to the deadbolt housing discussed above, is engageable with a spindle assembly 60 for a lever and knob. The core assembly 14 is typically mounted within a lever or knob L1\_on one side of a door (not shown) D\_(illustrated\_schematically) and the spindle assembly 60 passes through a the door D\_(not shown) to mount a knob or lever L2\_(not shown), which are conventional and need not be described in greater\_detail herein.
- Referring to Figure 12, the spindle assembly 60 is illustrated from the core assembly 14 side. generally cylindrical. The spindle assembly 60 is generally cylindrical and preferably includes a female portion 62, which engages the plug 32 of the core assembly 14 (Figure 11) and a rod portion 64, which mounts to the knob or lever L2 opposite the knob or lever, which includes the core assembly 14 (Figure 11).
- In an assembled position of this embodiment, the female portion 62 is mounted over the first engagement member 44. The cams 66 which define a smaller diameter within the female portion extend within an outer diameter defined by the first engagement member 44. That is, the rectangular shaped member 48 is rotated into contact with cams 66 of the female portion 62. Rotation of the plug 32 within the barrel 30 rotates the first engagement member 44 into contact with the cams 66 to rotate the spindle assembly 60 (Figure 13). A single plug 32 may thereby be utilized for both the torque blade 38 and the spindle assembly 60.